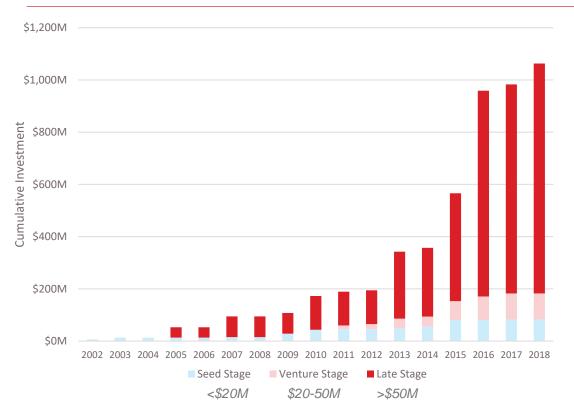


The rise of the private fusion company continues

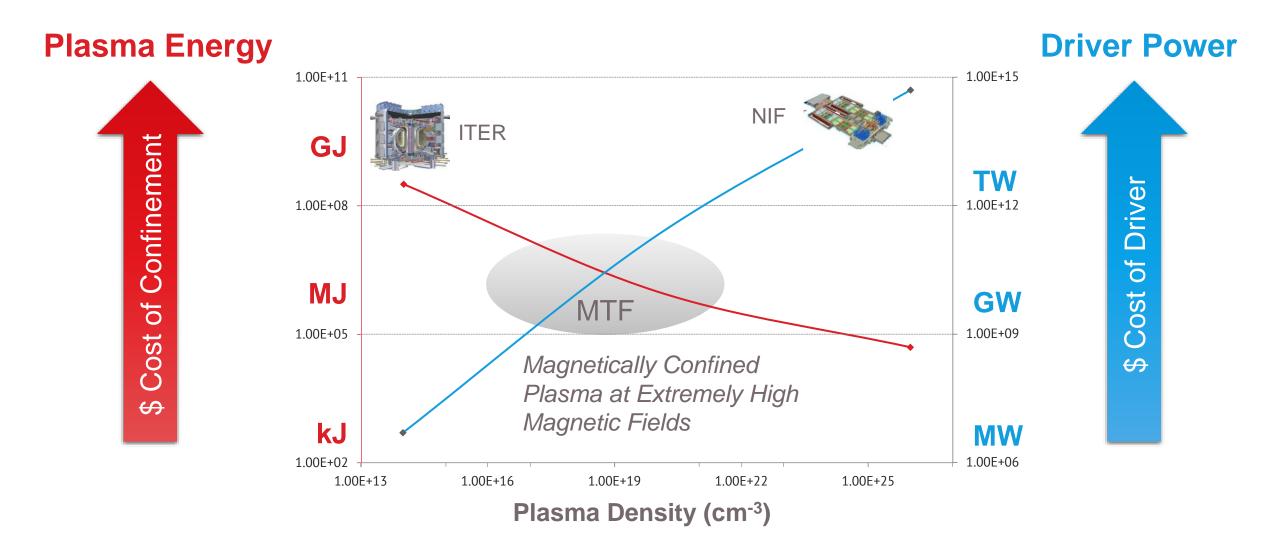
25 20 Cumulative Number of Ventures 01 51 5 0 2015 2013 .e-2002 2014 2016 2027 2018 2000 0 Seed Stage Late Stage Venture Stage >\$50M <\$20M \$20-50M

Private Fusion Ventures

Investment in Private Fusion Ventures



Many companies exploring density regime between MF and ICF

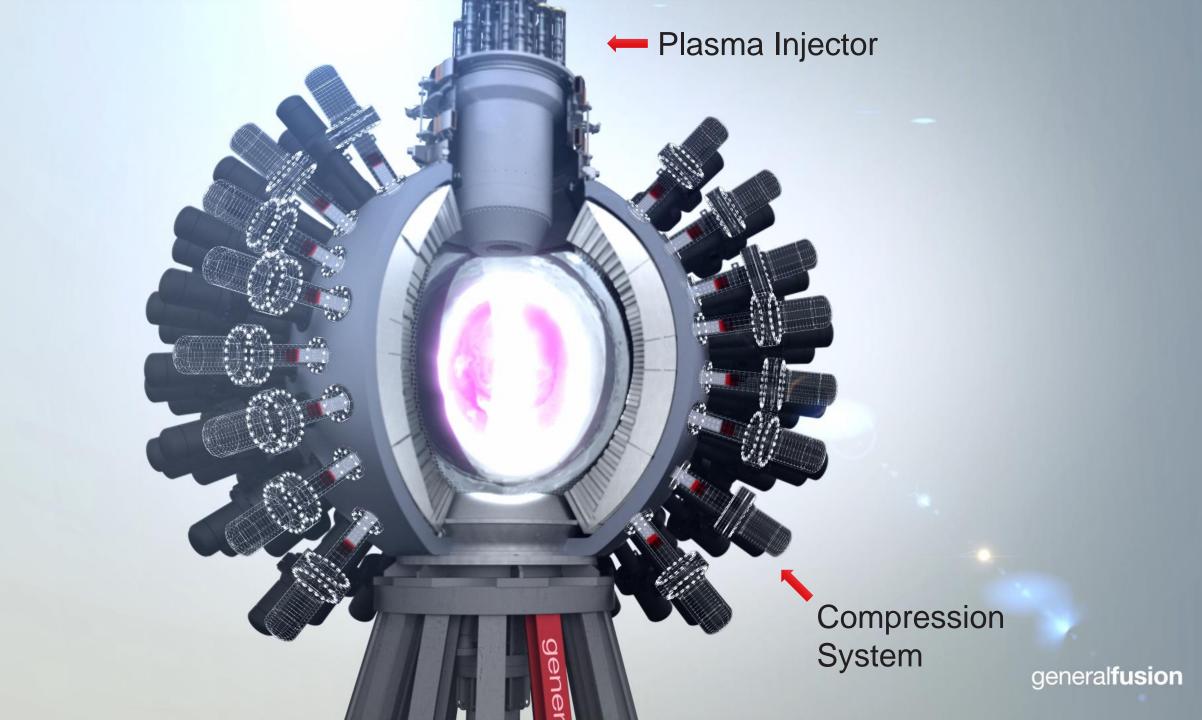


Background on General Fusion

Investors



- Total invested capital of \$110 million USD
- 20% funded by Canadian government
- 80 employees

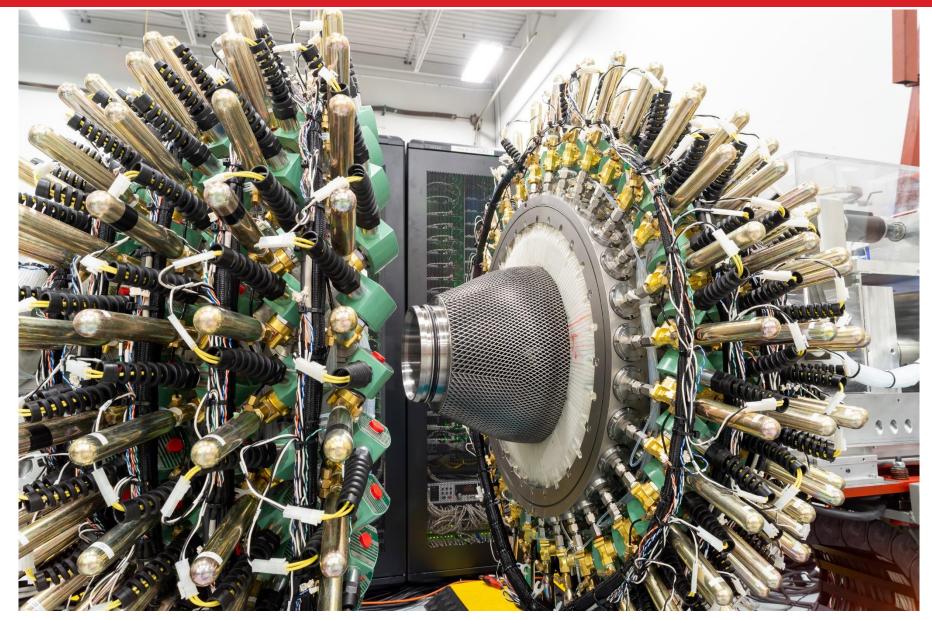


Parameter	Initial	Final
Plasma Density (n)	2e ²⁰ m ⁻³	6.5e ²² m ⁻³
Plasma Temperature (T)	1.3 keV	38 keV
Compression Ratio	1	6.5
Outside Radius of Liquid Metal Flux Conserver	2.2 m	0.34 m
Aspect Ratio (A) = R/a	1.6	2.4
Plasma Current (I _p)	4.7 MA	47 MA
Center Shaft Current (I _s)	7 MA	76 MA
Magnetic Field on Axis (B ₀)	1 T	63 T
Magnetic Field on shaft surface (B _{shaft})	2.8 T	100 T
Beta (b)	15%	40%
Thermal Energy (E _{th})	4 MJ	133 MJ
Magnetic Energy (E _m)	28 MJ	378 MJ
Confinement required (c)	4 m²/s	4 m²/s
Fusion Yield	0	488 MJ

Advantages

- Full coverage by 2 m of PbLi shields all solid structure, no neutron damage problems to structure
- Tritium Breeding ratio of 1.4 with natural Li
- No heat load issues on divertor or any metal surface, only liquid sees high energy plasma
- Straightforward energy extraction from the hot liquid liner through a heat exchanger
- Energy from inexpensive gas pistons leading to attractive economic
- No poloidal or toroidal superconductor coils
- No RF or neutral beam auxiliary heating
- No laser or particle beams
- No expensive target to replace





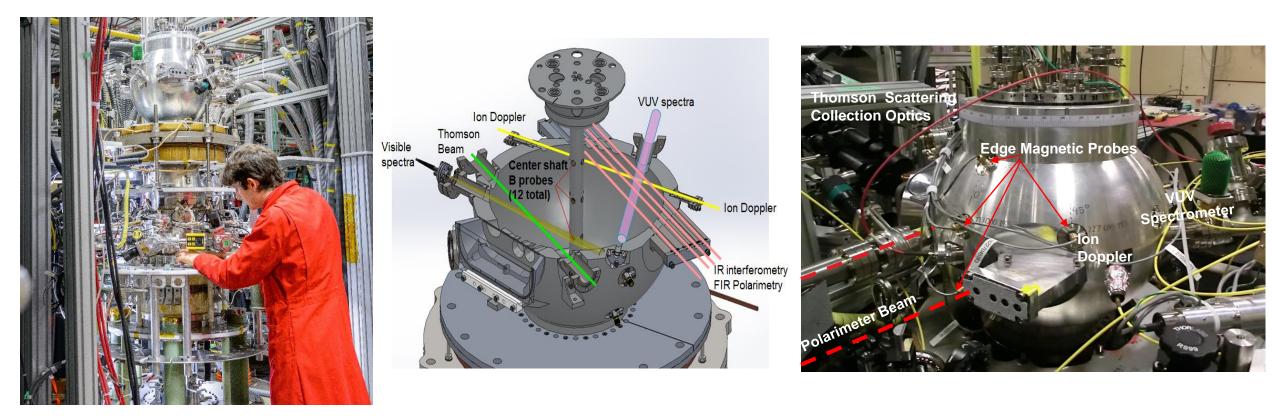
Spherical liquid compression experiment with 3D printed rotor and stator

Well-Diagnosed Laboratory Small Spherical Tokamak 100 % CHI

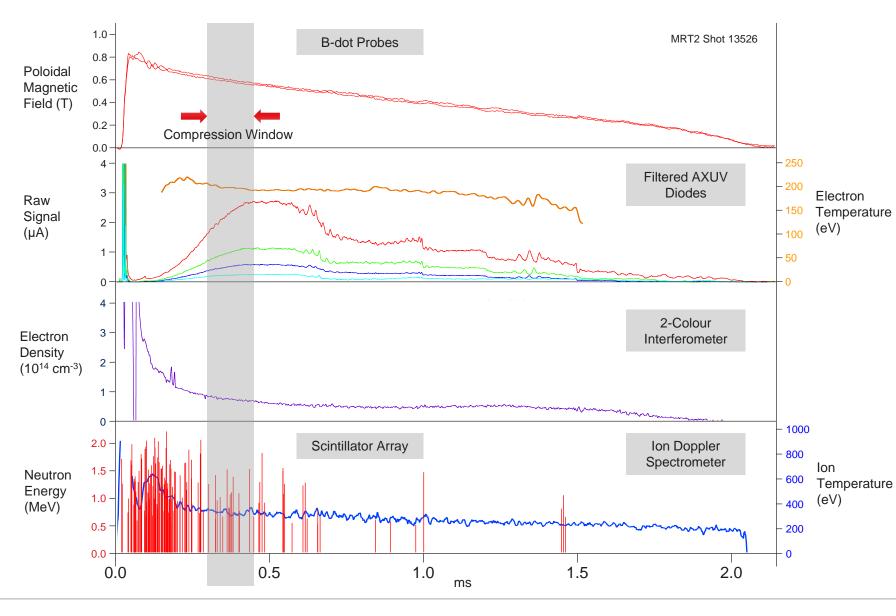
- Magnetic pick-up probes
- Interferometers
- Visible light photodiodes

- X-ray photodiodes
- X-ray phosphor camera
- Visible Spectrometers

- Multi-point Thomson scattering
- Multi-chord FIR Polarimeter
- VUV Spectrometer



Achieving Target Performance Within Compression Window

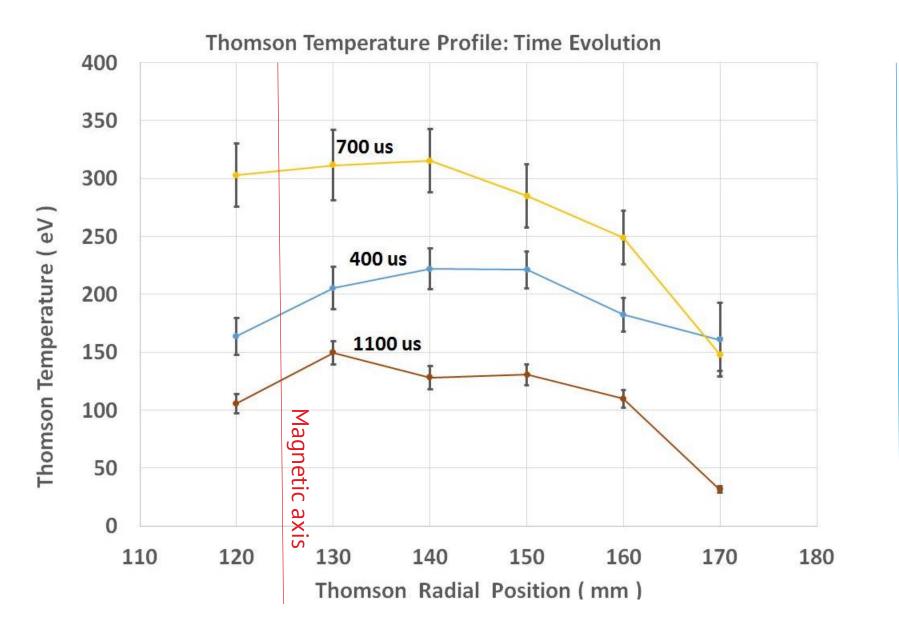


Self-organized plasmas evolve continuously after formation

General Fusion experience with injector design and operation enables tuning of desired plasma properties within a selected compression window

Example:

- MHD stability
- Ion, electron temperatures >200 eV
- Density 0.7x10¹⁴ cm⁻³
- Strong AXUV, scintillator signals
- q profile, lambda profile (not shown)



Wall

11

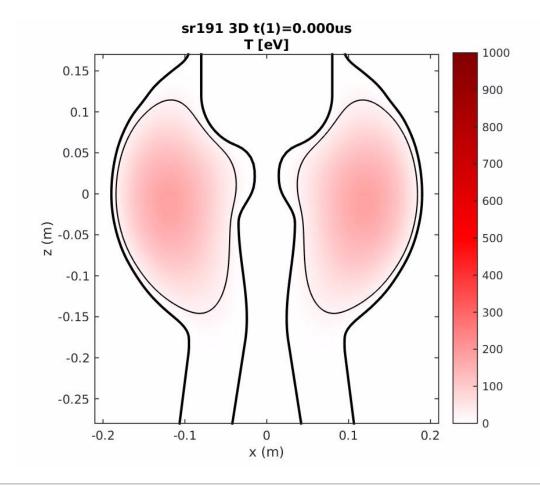
Plasma Compression Science: Field Tests Explore Key Physics

Chemical driver compresses a magnetized plasma with an aluminum liner

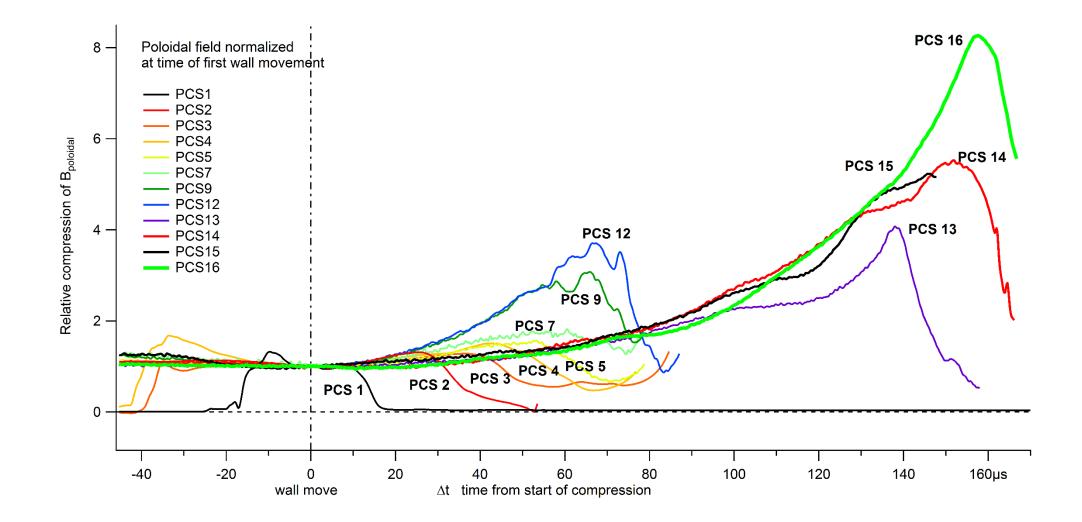
Goals:

- Demonstrate plasma MHD stability in compression
- Demonstrate compression heating



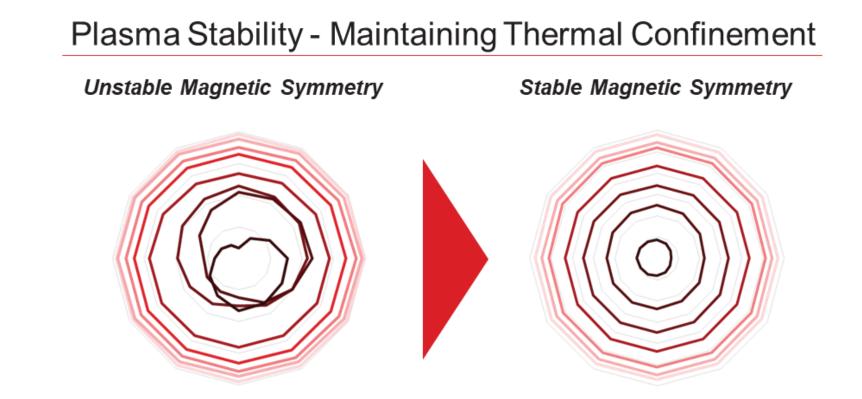


Consistent Progress in Magnetic Compression 16 PCS Shots, 2012-2018



Plasma Compression

- Mechanical compression of magnetized plasma
- Recent experiments show good magnetic stability



PI3 Large Injector: Prototype Relevant Design, Performance

Goals, at Prototype-relevant scale:

- Validate plasma performance
- Develop and demonstrate technology

Spherical tokamak plasma target

500% increase in radius from our small spherical tokamak

10 MJ pulsed power supply

Presently commissioning

Vessel inner diameter	2 m
Major radius R	0.6 – 0.7 m
Minor radius a	0.3 – 0.4 m
Plasma current I _p	0.8 MA
Shaft current I _s	1.6 MA
Plasma density n _e	2x10 ¹⁹ -2x10 ²⁰ m ⁻³
Temperature $T_e \sim T_i$	100 – 500 eV



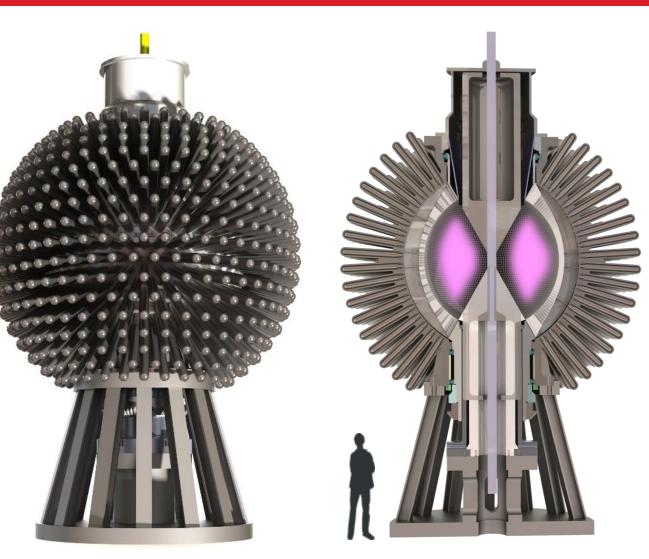
Next Prototype

Strategy

- Optimize performance with flexible operating envelope
- Modularize systems to permit rapid innovation

Key Features and Specifications

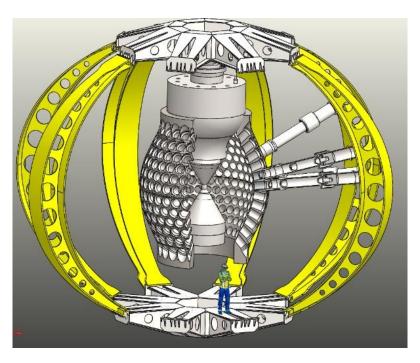
- 3 meter Diameter Plasma (~70% power plant scale)
- 15 25 MJ Plasma Formation Bank
- MAST, SSPX equivalent starting plasma
- Liquid Lithium
- D-D
- 3.5 4 ms Compression Time
- Up to 10:1 Radial Compression Ratio
- Designed for 1 Compression Shot / Day Operating Rate
- 10 KeV, 10% of Lawson



Compression Systems

- 346 drivers (pistons)
- Lithium liquid metal (~9 tons)
- Superstructure supports center shaft, cones, plasma injector





Vessel Inner Radius: 1.95 m Liquid Lithium Temperature: 350 °C Liquid Lithium Volume: 17 m³ Pressure Pulse: 30 MPa over 2 ms

Conclusion

- Sufficient plasma formation performance has been achieved
- Piston and servo control systems are working fine
- Plasma compressions tests are producing good results
- We are planning to build a large integrated liquid metal prototype, aiming for temperatures of 10 keV and 10% of Lawson
- MAST, NSTX class initial plasma, compressed 10X linear
- 5 1/2 years design, build ,operate

CLEAN ENERGY. EVERYWHERE. FOREVER."

general fusion°

