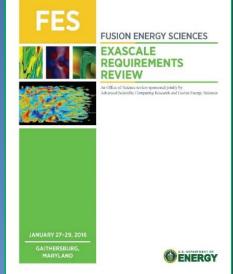




The World Effort on High Performance Computing in Fusion From Petascale to Exascale

John Mandrekas
Team Lead for Theory & Simulation
Office of Fusion Energy Sciences





Fusion Power Associates
37th Annual Meeting and Symposium
December 13-14, 2016
Washington, DC



- HPC and Fusion
 - Current U.S. capabilities and priorities
- The DOE Exascale Computing Project (ECP)
- Survey of International Efforts and Connections with the U.S. Program

With many thanks to:

CS Chang, Bill Harrod, Frank Jenko, Doug Kothe, Lang Lao, Randall Laviolette, Zhihong Lin, Bill Tang, and many others



High Performance Computing Potential

- Advances in computing hardware and computational science over the last decade have firmly established simulations as an equal partner in scientific discovery, along with theory and experiment.
 - Solve problems when experiments are impossible, dangerous, or very costly
 - Enhance economic competitiveness
 - In fusion: accelerate scientific discovery and predictive understanding; confidently explore regimes unattainable in current experiments; reduce risk in the design of future devices shortening the path toward the realization of a sustainable fusion energy source
- Recognizing the potential of High Performance Computing (HPC), in 2015 the President established the National Strategic Computing Initiative (NSCI) which aims to maximize the benefits of HPC for U.S. economic competitiveness and scientific discovery.



HPC & the Fusion Program

Major themes of the FES strategic plan

- Massively parallel computing with the goal of validated whole-fusion-device modeling will enable a transformation in predictive power, which is required to minimize risk in future fusion energy development steps.
- Materials science as it relates to plasma and fusion

2015 FES/ASCR

Community Workshop on Integrated Simulations (summary presented by Paul Bonoli at last year's FPA Meeting)

PRINCE OF THE WORKSHOP ON INTEGRATED

SIGNAL STATES

PRINCE OF THE PRODUCTIVITY

WINGERLA OF INTEGRATION

UNCERTAINTY CHARIFFACING

PLASHA BOUNDARY MODELING

THEORY AND COMPUTATION

RETURN WILLIAM MODELING

THEORY SALE OF THE WORKSHOP ON INTEGRATED

SIMULATIONS FOR MAGNETIC FUSION

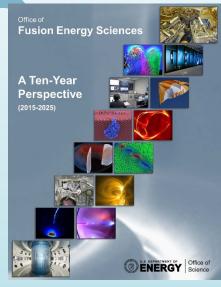
EVERY SCIENCES

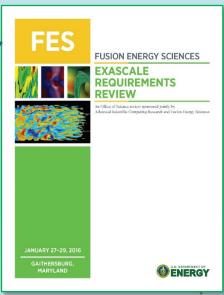
JUNE 2 — 4, 2015

SOBRESS

Spansored by the Office of Each servey Sciences and the define of Advanced Scientific Computing Research

January 2016: FES / ASCR Exascale Requirements Review Identify forefront scientific challenges and opportunities in fusion energy and plasma sciences whose resolution is essential to meeting the FES mission and could be aided by exascale computing over the next decade.

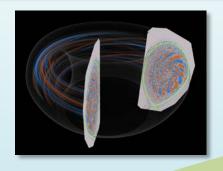






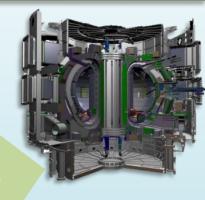
Motivation for the Exascale

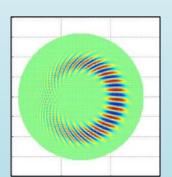


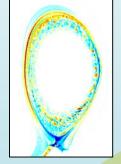




Exaflops







Petaflops

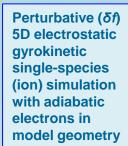
Teraflops

Non-perturbative (full f) 5D electrostatic gyrokinetic single-species (ion) simulation with adiabatic electrons of the tokamak edge region in realistic geometry, including background plasma effects

Non-perturbative multiscale 5D electrostatic / electromagnetic gyrokinetic simulations with multiple kinetic species, integrating the edge and core regions

Multiscale, multiphysics 5D / 6D electromagnetic kinetic simulation of ITER plasma, including effects of fusion reactions; wholedevice modeling











CS Chang, PPPL, EPSI SciDAC N. Howard, MIT



Petaflop-level HPC Resources Available to Fusion Scientists



The *mission* HPC Center for DOE SC (over 5,000 users)







Cori @ NERSC, > 30 PF

Edison @ NERSC, 2.57 PF

DOE Leadership Computing Facilities at ORNL & ANL

Highly competitive user allocation programs





Both facilities scheduled to be updated in ~2017—2018 with > 100 PF systems





Mira @ ALCF, 10 PF

Titan @ OLCF, 27 PF



The DOE Exascale Computing Project (ECP)



The DOE Exascale Computing Project (ECP)

- The President's 2015 National Strategic Computing Initiative (NSCI) aims to maximize the benefits of HPC for U.S. economic competitiveness and scientific discovery.
- DOE, along with DoD and NSF, co-lead the NSCI.
- DOE SC and NNSA are executing a joint effort on advanced simulation through a capable exascale computing program emphasizing sustained performance on relevant applications and data analytic computing.
- The Exascale Computing Project (ECP) is the vehicle for this effort.
- Delivers 50x the performance of today's 20 PF systems, supporting applications that deliver high-fidelity solutions in less time and address problems of greater complexity
- Operates in a power envelope of 20–30
 MW
- Is sufficiently resilient (average fault rate: ≤1/week)
- Includes a software stack that supports a broad spectrum of applications and workloads

A holistic project approach is needed that uses co-design to develop new platform, software, and computational science capabilities





ECP has formulated a holistic approach that uses codesign and integration to achieve capable exascale

Software Hardware Exascale **Application Development Technology Technology Systems** Science and mission Scalable and Hardware technology Integrated exascale applications productive software elements supercomputers stack Visualization Data Analysis Co-Design Applications Programming models, Math libraries evelopment environment System Software. threading, scheduling, I/O and file monitoring, and control

ECP's work encompasses applications, system software, hardware technologies and architectures, and workforce development



ECP application, co-design center, and software project awards



NEWS RELEASE

The Exascale Computing Project Awards \$34 Million for Software Development

OAK RIDGE, Tenn., Nov. 10, 2016 – The Department of Energy's Exascale Con (ECP) today announced the selection of 35 software development proposals

The awards for the first year of funding total \$34 million and cover many cor research and academic organizations. software stack for exascale systems, including programming models and run mathematical libraries and frameworks, tools, lower-level system software, and I/O, as well as in situ visualization and data analysis.

-EWS RELEASE

The Exascale Computing Project Announces \$48 Million to Establish Four Exascale Co-Design Centers

OAK RIDGE, Tenn., Nov. 11, 2016 – The Department of Energy's Exascale Computing Project (ECP) today announced that it has selected four co-design centers as part of a 4 year, \$48 million funding award. The first year is funded at \$12 million, and is to be allocated evenly among the four award recipients.

he ECP is responsible for the planning, execution, and delivery of technologies necessary for a capable xascale ecosystem to support the nation's exascale imperative including software, applications, hardware,

cording to Doug Kothe, ECP Director of Application Development, "Co-design lies at the heart of the Exascale mputing Project. ECP co-design, an intimate interchange of the best that hardware technologies, software thologies, and applications have to offer each other, will be a catalyst for delivery of exascale-enabling ence and engineering solutions for the U.S." Kothe continued, "By targeting common patterns of nputation and communication, known as "application motifs", we are confident that these ECP co-design



NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Distribution

The Exascale Computing Project (ECP) Announces \$39.8 million in First-Round Application Development Award

OAK RIDGE, Tenn., Sept. 07, 2016 – The Department of Energy's Exascale Computi (ECP) today announced its first round of funding with the selection of 15 application development proposals for full funding and seven proposals for seed funding, repr teams from 45 research and academic organizations.

The awards, totaling \$39.8 million, target advanced modeling and simulation solu specific challenges supporting key DOE missions in science, clean energy and nation as well as collaborations such as the Precision Medicine Initiative with the Nation Health's National Cancer Institute.



Exascale Applications Will Address National Challenges

Summary of current DOE Science & Energy application development projects

Nuclear Energy (NE)

Accelerate design and commercialization of next-generation small modular reactors*

Climate Action Plan; SMR licensing support; GAIN

Climate (BER)

Accurate regional impact assessment of climate change*
Climate Action Plan

Chemical Science (BES, BER)

Biofuel catalysts design; stressresistant crops Climate Action Plan; MGI

Wind Energy (EERE)

Increase efficiency and reduce cost of turbine wind plants sited in complex terrains*

Climate Action Plan

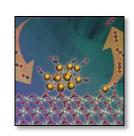
Combustion (BES)

Design highefficiency, lowemission combustion engines and gas turbines*

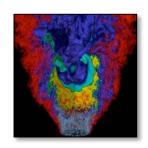
2020 greenhouse gas and 2030 carbon emission goals













^{*} Scope includes a discernible data science component

Exascale Applications Will Address National Challenges

Summary of current DOE Science & Energy application development projects

Materials Science (BES)

Find, predict, and control materials and properties: property change due to hetero-interfaces and complex structures

MGI



QCD-based elucidation of fundamental laws of nature: SM validation and beyond SM discoveries

2015 Long Range Plan for Nuclear Science; RHIC, CEBAF, FRIB



Nuclear Materials (BES, NE, FES)

Extend nuclear reactor fuel burnup and develop fusion reactor plasmafacing materials*

Climate Action Plan; MGI; Light Water Reactor Sustainability; ITER; Stockpile Stewardship Program



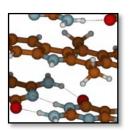
Practical economic design of 1 TeV electron-positron high-energy collider with plasma wakefield acceleration*

>30k accelerators today in industry, security, energy, environment, medicine

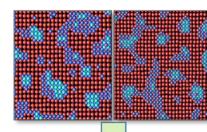
Materials Science (BES)

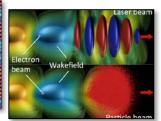
Protein structure and dynamics; 3D molecular structure design of engineering functional properties*

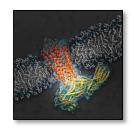
MGI; LCLS-II 2025 Path Forward



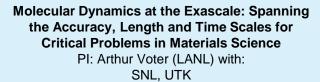








* Scope includes a discernible data science component





Exascale Applications Will Address National Challenges

Summary of current DOE Science & Energy and Other Agency application development projects



Magnetic Fusion Energy (FES)

Predict and guide stable ITFR operational performance with an integrated whole device model*

ITER; fusion experiments: NSTX-U, DIII-D, Alcator C-Mod

Advanced Manufacturing (EERE)

Additive manufacturing process design for qualifiable metal components*

NNMIs: Clean Energy Manufacturing Initiative

Cosmology (HEP)

Cosmological probe of standard model (SM) of particle physics: Inflation, dark matter, dark energy*

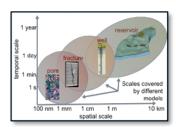
Particle Physics **Project Prioritization** Panel (P5)



Geoscience (BES, BER, EERE, FE, NE)

Safe and efficient use of subsurface for carbon capture and storage, petroleum extraction, geothermal energy, nuclear waste*

EERE Forge: FE NRAP; Energy-Water Nexus; SubTER Crosscut

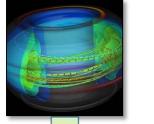


Precision Medicine for Cancer (NIH)

Accelerate and translate cancer research in RAS pathways, drug responses, treatment strategies*

Precision Medicine in Oncology; Cancer Moonshot







High-Fidelity Whole Device Modeling of Magnetically Confined Fusion Plasma

PI: Amitava Bhattacharjee (PPPL) with: ANL, ORNL, LLNL, Rutgers, UCLA, University of Colorado

* Scope includes a discernible data science component





International HPC Activities & Connections with US Efforts



Japan – Current Capabilities



K computer at RIKEN

- Helios: Broader Approach (BA) Activity
- Operated since 2012 and used extensively by JA and EU researchers
- 1.23 PF peak performance
- Scheduled to be decommissioned at the end of the year



Plasma Simulator at NIFS

- K (京) Computer at RIKEN
- 10.5 PF, 7th on TOP-500 list (11/2016)
- Most powerful supercomputer in Japan
- A number of Japanese gyrokinetic codes have been optimized to scale on the K computer



Helios system at Rokkasho site

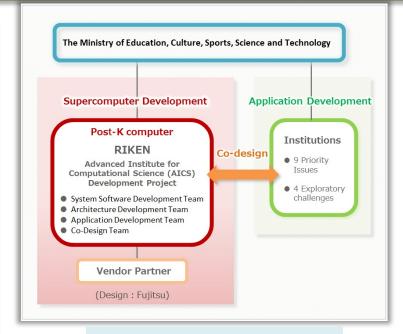
- The Plasma Simulator computer at NIFS has been developed and periodically updated
- Current version: 2.62 PF Fujitsu FX-100 system
- Addresses the needs of the **Numerical Simulation Reactor Research Project** (NSRP) which aims at integration and on the construction of the Numerical Test Reactor (NTR)



Japan – Exascale Plans

FLAGSHIP 2020 Project

- Started in 2014, aims at the development of the next Japanese flagship supercomputer, "Post-K"
- Led by RIKEN Advanced Institute of Computational Science (AICS)
- Budget of about \$1.1B
- Follows a "co-design" approach, similar to the U.S.
- Fujitsu was selected as a vendor partner
- Applications are selected via the Strategic Programs for Innovative Research (SPIRE) project
 - Fusion is a subcategory of Priority Issue #6
 "Accelerated Development of Innovative
 Clean Energy Systems"
- International collaborations, including collaboration between **DOE** and **MEXT** under an implementing agreement.



Post-K Development Organization



Yoshio Kawaguchi (MEXT, Japan) and William Harrod (DOE / ASCR, USA), 2014



Japan – US Exascale Collaborations in Fusion

- Since 2014, a series of annual workshops was initiated to promote collaborations between the U.S. and Japanese fusion simulation projects.
- This activity is organized by the U.S. –
 Japan Joint Institute for Fusion Theory
 (JIFT) and aims to identify gaps in the
 scalable U.S. and Japanese fusion
 simulation codes and enable collaborations
 for addressing the common challenges in
 getting to the exascale.
- Current focus is on gyrokinetic (GK) codes or extended MHD codes with GK closures for energetic particle research.
- Some of the core codes included in this exercise: XGC1 (US), GENE (US), GTC (US), GKV (JP), GT5D (JP); other codes in extended MHD, RF, & materials science have also participated.



2016 workshop participants at ORNL

: yacc toop yang private(array)
!\$acc cache(array)

- XGC Compiler doesn't find any opportunities (but neither have we (yet))
- GT5D
- 15 Coefficient arrays (vxl, vxr, ...)
 - With nv=128
 - With nv=128
 8B X 128 X 15 = 15KB / block
 - 48KB / SM → 3 Block / SM
 - K20X can have 16 blocks / SM

Compiler is too greedy!
Concurrency drops to ~2.5%!

Solution

Split 'nv' into 32 element chunks, spawn more gangs (vxl., 32 elements long)

Concurrency is now register limited

```
nvspl = nv / 32
!$acc loop gang collapse(2)
!! Block parallel
do i = 1, nx
 do j = 1, ny
    do m = 1, nvspl
    pre_diff(vxl...)
    !$acc loop worker
    !! Warp ||
    do k = 1, nz
      !Sacc loop vector
      !! Thread ||
      do 1 = 1,32
        df (...) =
          vxl(1) * f(...) + ...
                     * OAK RIDGE
```



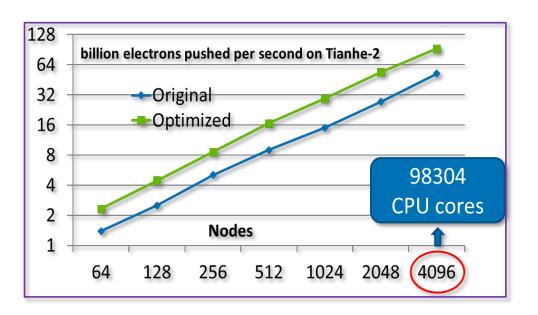
China – HPC & US Collaborations





Sunway TaihuLight, 93 PF

Tianhe-2 (TH-2), 33.6 PF



- Although replaced as number one on the November TOP 500 list by the new 93 PF
 Sunway TaihuLight system, the 33.6 PF
 Tianhe-2 system at the National Supercomputing Center in Guangzhou is a major computational resource for fusion scientists.
- The UCI-led Gyrokinetic Toroidal Code (GTC) group has ported the GTC code on TH-2 and benefited from collaborations with the ITER-CN Simulation Project.
 - In 2013, GTC was highlighted as one of only two applications running at scale on TH-2
 - 35 joint US-CN papers were published
- Collaborations will continue to port GTC on other multi-petascale and, eventually, exascale systems.
- A version of the **GTC** code (GTC-P) has already been ported on **TaihuLight**.
- China plans to develop one exascale machine and 2-3 software centers by 2020 relying on domestic technologies.

GTC weak scaling up to the full TH-2

HPC Activities in EU

Software / Application Developments*:

- The ITER Integrated Modeling (IM) Program developed the Integrated
 Modelling & Analysis Suite (IMAS) framework
 - Uses the U.S.-developed Kepler scientific workflow application
- EUROfusion established a 5-year Integrated Modeling (EU-IM) program
 - 100 scientists ~ 18 PPY + Core Support Team ~ 8 PPY
 - strong commitment to IMAS (full adoption & convergence in 2017)
- U.S. near term plans to contribute to IMAS:
 - Continue integration of TRANSP and NUBEAM into IMAS
 - Continue adaptation of *EFIT*, *ELITE*, *GACODE*, and *OMFIT* within IMAS
 - Apply SOLPS-ITER to DIII-D experiments and other applications.
- 6 ITER Scientist Fellows in the IM area were selected.
- Exascale planning efforts are also under way.



EU Hardware& US Collaborations

EUROfusion secured three partitions on the Marconi Supercomputer (Marconi-Fusion)



14 SEPTEMBER 2016

EUROFUSION: MARCONI SELECTED TO SUPPORT EUROPEAN RESEARCH ON FUSION

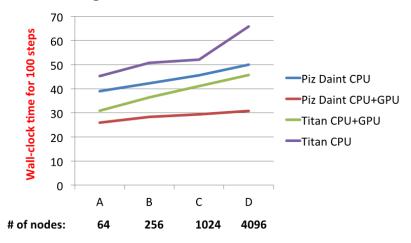
An all-Italian partnership between ENEA and CINECA has been selected by EUROfusion, the European Consortium for the development of fusion energy, to deliver high-performance computing and data storage to support European research on fusion.



U.S. codes scale well on Europe's fastest supercomputer



Weak scaling of GTC-P on Titan and Piz Daint





Thank your